50X1-HUM

Pade Deriled

SECRET	50X1-HUM

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE SOUND PRESSURE METER

Two complete underwater sound pressure meters are to be designed and built. They 1. are to operate in the frequency ranges between 5 mms 1000 cps, and 30 to 12,000 cps.

- The following specifications apply to both types of sets: (11 b = microbar)
 - a) Pmin = 0.5 pm = Umin
 - b) $P_{max} = 50,000 / Ab = U_{max}$
 - c) The frequency variation must not exceed ± 2 db
 - d) The sound pressure indication must not vary more than 2 db within a temperature range of 0 to 30°C.
 - e) Supply voltage flactuations of :10% must not change the indication by more than
 - f) The set should be operated from an AC line of 120 or 220 V.
 - g) The measuring hydrophones must be able to withstand a pressure of 25 atm. above normal.
 - h) The walls of the housings of the measuring hydrophones are to be coated with sound-absorbent material
 - i) The dimensions of the pressure indicator itself must not be greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ (one-quarter of the wavelength.)
 - j)an electrically shielded cable, 250 m long, and water-tight up to pressures of 25 atm. above normal, is to connect measuring hydropions and measuring ampli-
 - k) Both ends of the cable are to be mapplied with plugs or jacks for facilitating connecting.
 - 1) Unrecling and recling up of the hydrophone cable is to be carried out by means of a special cable drum, the drum to be capable of being operated both manually and by an electric motor.
 - m) The cable drum must be so designed as to permit the dropping and hauling in of a measuring hydrophone from aboard ship.
 - n) The length of cable unreeled should be known at all times.
 - o) The measuring amplifier should have a frequency variation of marine to 1 db. Itsm noise voltage is to be less than 10 p.V. The measuring instrument must

SEGRET

indicate peff.

- p) The following measuring ranges are to be provided for:
 - 1.) 0 3 /1.b , 2.) 0 10 /1.b, 3.) 0- 30 /1.b, 4.) 0 100 /1.b, 5.) 0-300 /1.b, 6.) 0 300(?) /1.b, 7.) 0 1000 /1.b, 8.) 0 3,000 /1.b, 9.) 0 10,000 /1.b, 10.) 0 30,000 /1.b, 11.) 0 100,000 /1.b.
- qQ Separate measuring jacks are to be provided for connecting of the accessory equipment, such as Neumann recorder, oscillograph, spectrometer, and earphones. For this purpose, the set is to contain a special power stage whose output load must not influence the indication. The output is matched to the individual accessory units and closed.
- r) The output control is to be controllable within a range from 0 to 60 db.
- s) A range switch is to be pravided in the measuring amplifier to select the different ranges. The switch is to operate a relay which draws its voltage from a special battery.
- t) The noise voltage must be no more than half of the effective voltage at the limit of sensitivity. $U_R = \frac{1}{2}U_{min}$
- u) The calibration accuracy of the indicated value may show a maximum error of \$\frac{1}{20}\$.

 Laic 17 for the entire apparatus (microphone, cable, measuring amplifler).
- v) An insulation of at least 100 megohm'is required between hydrophone crystal and housing.
- w) The measuring amplifier must operate normally over a 24-hour period at a temperature of 30°C and air humidity of 95° 3%.
- x) The mechanical pressure testing of the hydrophones and cables is to be carried out at 25 atm. above normal over a 48-hour period.
- y) The housing of the measuring amplifier must be tight against spray.
- z) The cable insulation must be 100 megohm 3
- zz) (De calibrating of the pressure scale should be possible in every range.
- zzz) The frequency variation of the measuring amplifier must be accurately measurable even at the initial frequencies (£ 5 or 30 cps).

- 21. 1 testing set for crystal facing 259
- 22. 1 hydrophone testing set 244
- 23. 1 tropical weather chamber 245
- 24. 1 auxiliary basin 256

Technical epecifications for the development of a combined HF cable:

- 1. The cable is to be used for a measuring apparatus and is designed for permanent emplacement in seawater at depths down to 250 m.
- 2. It should be shielded against external electrical and magnetic fields. It is to be flexible and be able to withstand repeated reeling and unreeling.
- 3. The cable is to contain a HF channel up to 15,000 cps, with eight to twelve strands of 0.75 sq. mm copper cross-section, for the supply current from the storage batteries and a voltage of 300 V.
- 4. The insulation resistance between the individual strands of the HK channel is to be no less than 200 megohm: (322 1 megohm per 100 V). The insulation between the supply current strands is to be no less than 20 megohms.
- 5. When not in operation, the cable is to be wound on a special drum, which must be suitable for being placed on the deck of a ship. The outer end of the cable is to be provided with an attachment (jack or plug) for connecting it to the measuring apparatus 6. The tensils strength of the cable is to have a safety factor of 8, even under an additional 35 kg load at the end of the cable.
- 7. The cable must be designed in such a way that the lead into the microphone housing is pressure— and waterproof.
- 8. The capacitance of the high-frequency channel of the cable is to be no more than mmfd.
 50 pc per meter.
- 9. The cable is to be protected from mechanical damage.
- 10. The cable is to be tested by according to the following points:
 - a) hydraulic pressure test at 25 atm above normal over 48 hours
 - b) Checking the capacitance for every meter of length
 - c) Measuring its Length
- 11. Design drawings for cable drum which is used when the cable is in operation
- 12. Design drawings for special plugs and jacks for connecting & the strands of the cable (to be attached to the drum)
- 13. Grankent Design drawings for the drum rack with drive which is attacked at the operating site. (Drawings without electric drive motor and switching equipment).

-4-

Each sound pressure measuring device consists	of I	
Version I Frequency range 5 - 1000 cps	Version II Faquency range 30 - 12000 ops	
1. 1 measuring hydrophone -234	1. 1 measuring hydrophone = 235	
2. 1 battery case -234	2. 1 battery case - 235	
3. 1 measuring cable -243	3. 1 measuring cable - 243	
4. 1 measuring amplifier -23	4. 1 measuring amplifier - 238	
5. 1 decremeter -230	5. 1 decremeter - 230	
6. 1 set of earphones -239	6. 1 set of earphones - 239	
7. l spectrometer - 231	7. 1 apestrometer - 236	
8. 1 phase attachment with synchronizer switch - 265	8. 1 photo attachment with synchronizer switch - 265	
9. 1 three-loop oscillograph -237 with control device	9. 1 three-loop oscillograph - 238 with control device	
10. 1 generator -239 1 gasoline eng. for generator 240/41	10. 1 generator - 239 1 gasoline eng. for generator	
11. 1 blocking circuit - 242	11. 1 blocking circuit - 242	
12. 1 plug for measuring cable - 242	12. 1 plug for measuring cable - 242	
13. 1 cable drum - 266	13. 1 cable drum - 266	
14. 1 rack for measuring amplifier - 262	14. 1 mack for measuring ampl 262	
Laboratory 11 has planned and ordered the for equipment for testing and calibrating the sou	llowing measuring and accessory mid pressure meters:	
1. 1 measuring area for the	11. 2 audio frequency lines - 246	
measuring basin - 246 2. 1 measuring basin, 2 x 8 x1.5 m - 246	12. 1 low-frequency sound radiator - 247	
3/4.1 shilld each for measuring basin - 246 a) Profiled wall b) Plane wall	70 W - 249	
5. 1 hydrophone carriage - 246	14. same, 1.5 kW 255	
6. 1 transmitter carriage - 246	15. 1 power amplifier - 229 1 high frequency sound amplifier,	
O. T CLEUSWILLER CALLTERS - vito	16. xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	

- 7. 1 cover plate for low-frequency sound radiator 246
- 8. 2 oscillator plates 246
- 9. 1 control panel for oscillator 246
- 10. 1 Leonard drive 246

- - 16. manuspolischickboedt 21.5 kW 249
 - 17. 1 calibration scale -254
 - 18. 2 auxiliary hydrophones 258
 - 19. 1 laboratory measuring amplifier 255
 - 20. 1 radiometer set 257